



W.C. 15.6.20

<https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize>

English

Use these worksheets to work from **and not on**. All you need is a piece of paper, pencil and a ruler. s83year3@st-annes.solihull.sch.uk

Bitesize: <https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize>

After watching the videos and having a go at the practise activities on BBC Bitezise, have a go at these activities. Depending on your confidence choose Mild, Medium or Spicy.



Extensions – You may wish to deepen your learning by looking at Purple Mash for any extra activities.

Monday

Exploring Poetry

<https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/tags/zmyxxyc/year-3-and-p4-lessons/1>

discu <u>ssion</u>			
impre <u>ssion</u>			
posse <u>ssion</u>			
permi <u>ssion</u>			
omi <u>ssion</u>			
man <u>sion</u>			
tensi <u>on</u>			
comprehe <u>nsion</u>			
pensi <u>on</u>			
expansi <u>on</u>			

Spellings

For your task today, I would like you to practice your spellings and write a sentence for each one.

If you find these spellings too challenging, there is a different set for you to try on the next page.

	1 st try	2 nd try	3 rd try
great			
break			
steak			
fast			
last			
past			
class			
grass			
bath			
path			

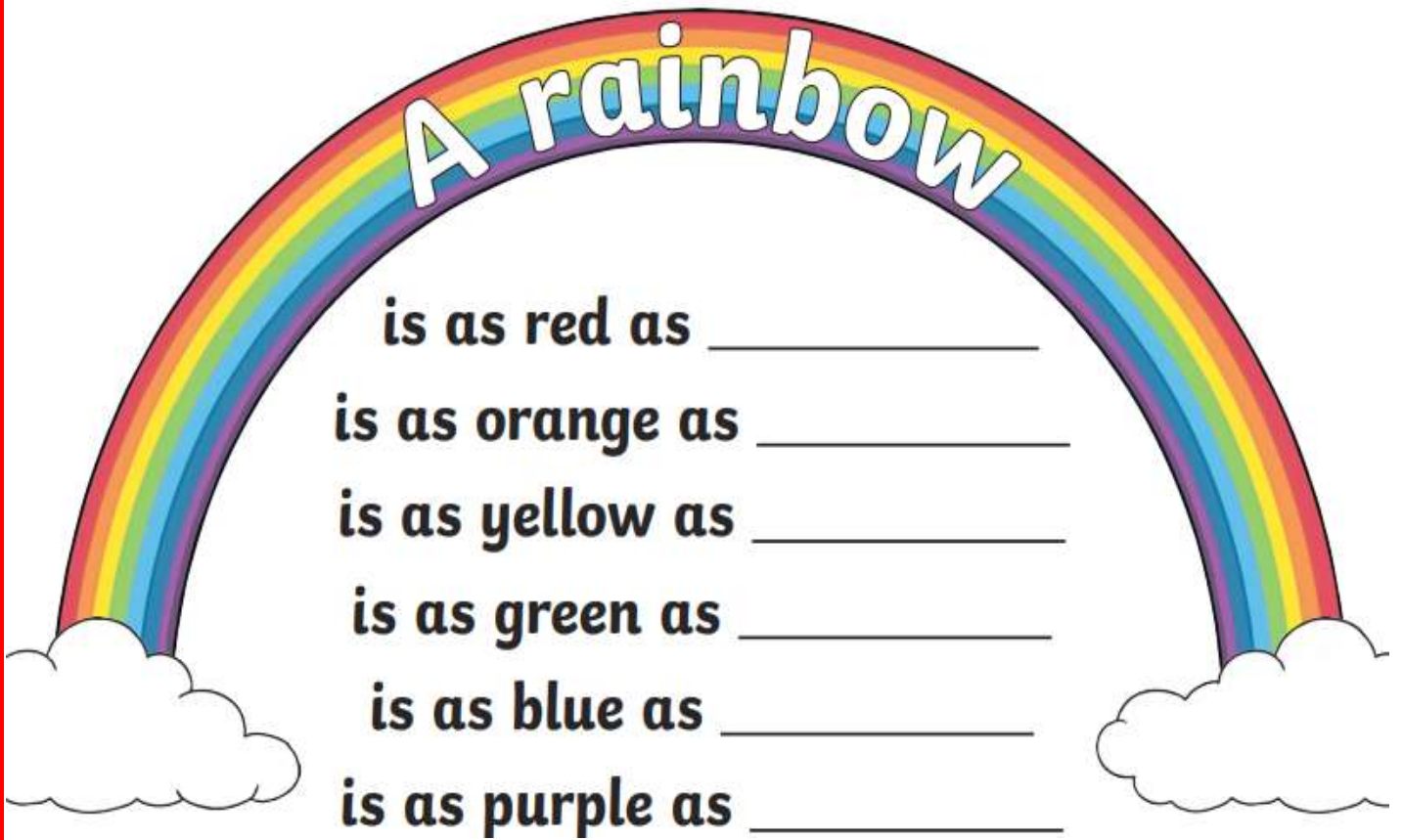
Mild: Your task is to write a sentence for each spelling in your neatest handwriting.

Medium - Write a sentence for each spelling using the conjunctions for, and, nor, but, or, yet, so to extend your sentences.

Spicy: Write a sentence for each spelling using the conjunctions when, if, that, because or although to extend your sentences.

Activity - Using your knowledge of similes, create a poem about a rainbow. You may wish to add some more of your own colours!

We cannot wait to read them!



Tuesday

Sound Words

<https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/tags/zmyxxyc/year-3-and-p4-lessons/1>

Linked to our theme of 'Unique and Special', we would like you to read about a very special and brave lady called Rosa Parks. There are questions for you to answer below the text.

Mild

Rosa Parks

Rosa Parks

that all people were allowed to sit in any seat on the city buses.

When Is Rosa Parks Day?

Each year, Rosa Parks Day is celebrated in some American states for her stand to help the rights of black people. Some states celebrate the day on her birthday. Some other states remember the date she was arrested.



grandparent's farm with her mum and her brother.

What Was Life like for Rosa?

Rosa lived at a time when life was very different for black and white people in the United States. Black people were treated very unfairly. People were separated because of the colour of their skin and made to go to different schools, churches and even public toilets.

Why Was Rosa Arrested?

Black and white people also had to sit in different seats on the bus. The white people got on the bus first and could sit at the front while black people had to sit in the seats towards the back of the bus.

On the 1st December 1955, the bus driver told Rosa to move from her seat for a white person. She refused to move and so was arrested by the police.



When Rosa was released, she helped to arrange a protest. Thousands of black people stopped using the buses to travel. The protest lasted for 381 days until it was agreed by the government

Questions

1. What is Rosa Parks known for?

- Helping to make life fairer for black people

- Helping to make sure all children could go to school
- Helping to make sure women had good jobs

2. *Fill in the missing words:*

Rosa's mum worked as a and her dad worked as a
.....

3. **People were.... made to go to different schools, churches and even public toilets.** *Why were these people separated?*

4. *When was Rosa arrested?*

- 4th February 1913
- 10th March 1930
- 1st December 1955

5. *Why was Rosa arrested?*

6. *How long did the protest last?*

Rosa Parks

Rosa Parks was a black woman, who played an important part in the American Civil Rights movement. She made changes to try to make life fair for black and white people in America.

Early Life

Rosa Parks was born on 4th February, 1913 and grew up on a farm with her mother, brother and grandparents in a place called Montgomery in the USA. Rosa Parks grew up at a time when African-American people and other people of colour were treated as second-class citizens. They did not have the same rights as white people.

Segregation in America

When Rosa Parks was growing up, black people were not allowed to use many of the same public places as white people. This was called 'segregation'. The laws in many American states enforced segregation between white people and black people in public places such as schools, transport, toilets and restaurants. They also made it difficult for black people to vote. Many white people did not respect black people and treated them very badly.

The Bus Ride

On 1st December, 1955, Rosa Parks was sitting on the bus on the way home from work. She was sitting in the section segregated for black people but if the white section was full, black people had to move so white people could have a seat.

On this day, the white section was full and Rosa was told to move but she did not. The driver said that he would call the police but she stayed sitting down. Eventually, the police came and she was arrested, charged and found guilty for breaking the law and she had to pay a fine.

What Happened Next?

Amazingly, what Rosa did on that day started a big movement. 40 000 black people in the area (and some white people) refused to use the buses at all until they were treated fairly – this was called The Bus Boycott. The huge amount of people involved could not be ignored. The newspapers reported it and the boycott went on for 381 days before finally the government took action and the segregation on buses was lifted – and all because of Rosa Parks.

Rosa's actions made history as it sparked a movement to make a change. Even though it wasn't the end of segregation and civil rights still had a long way to go, it was a victory.

"People always say that I didn't give up my seat because I was tired, but that isn't true. I was not tired physically, or no more tired than I usually was at the end of a working day. I was not old, although some people have an image of me as being old then. I was forty-two. No, the only tired I was, was tired of giving in."

Parks, Rosa. *United Nations* (1992). *Rosa Parks: My Story*. *Rosa Parks*. p. 110



Questions

1. Where did Rosa grow up?
2. What is '*segregation*'?
3. What did Rosa Parks do to break the rules?
4. List three place where black and white people had to stay apart from each other.
5. Why do you think Rosa wouldn't move?
6. What was the name of the movement of people to stop using the buses?
7. If you had been sitting next to Rosa Parks on that day, what do you think you would have done and why?
8. What sort of person do you think Rosa Parks is? Could you describe her
e.g. brave.....

Wednesday

Nonsense Poetry

<https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/tags/zmyxxyc/year-3-and-p4-lessons/1>

A nonsense poem is a humorous poem with silly characters and actions. It is meant to be fun!

A Princess Laments

I kissed a frog because I'd heard
That it would turn into a prince.
That's not exactly what occurred,
And I've been croaking ever since.



Mild

Nonsense Alphabet

An excerpt from "Nonsense Alphabet" by Edward Lear



A

A was an ant
Who seldom stood still,
And who made a nice house
In the side of a hill.

a

Nice little ant!

B



B was a book
With a binding of blue,
And pictures and stories
For me and for you.

b

Nice little book!

C

C was a cat
Who ran after a rat;
But his courage did fail
When she seized on his tail.

c

Crafty old cat!



D

D was a duck
With spots on his back,
Who lived in the water,
And always said "Quack!"

d

Dear little duck!



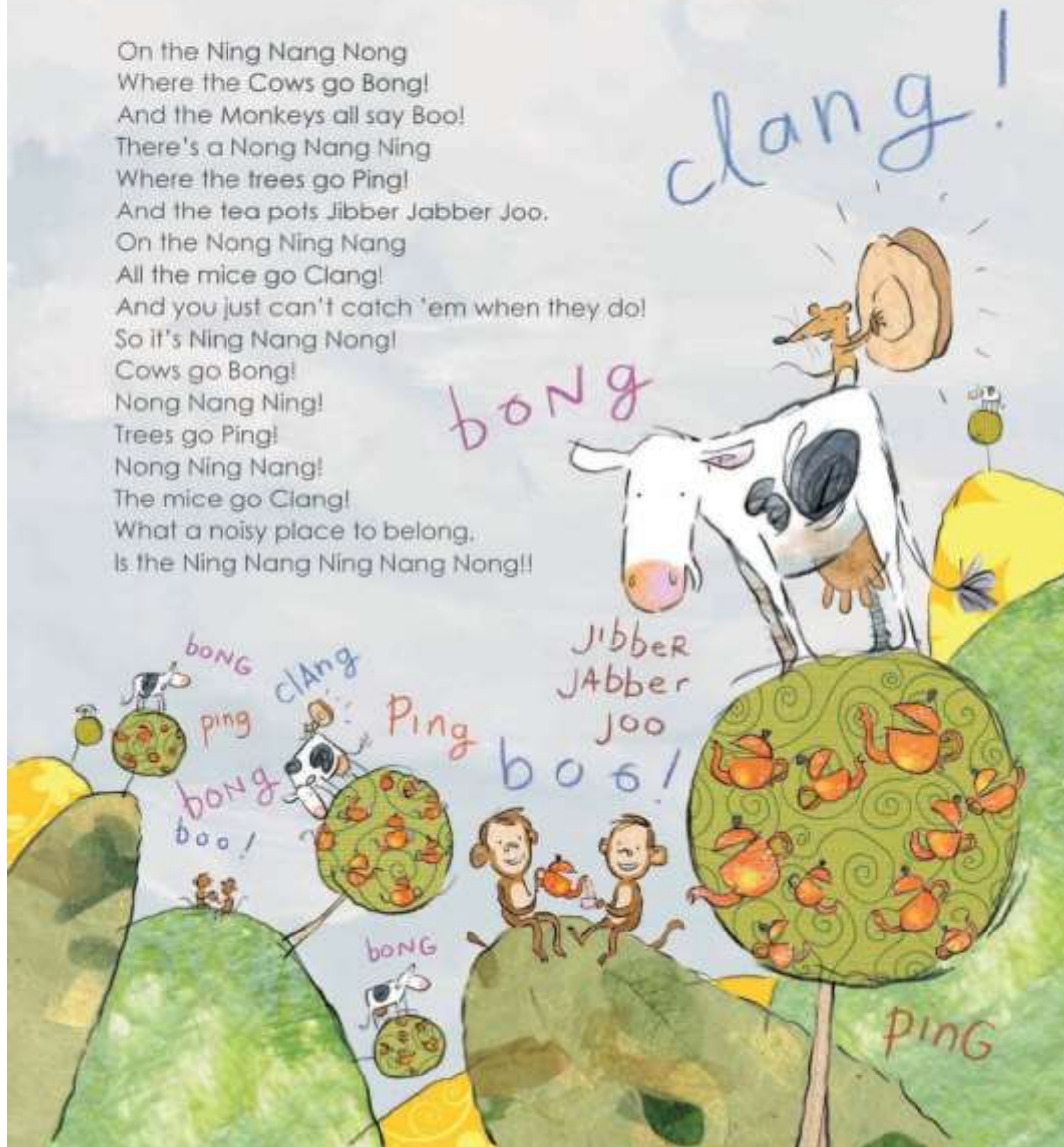
1. Which words are you unsure of? E.g. **seldom**. Find the definitions in a dictionary.
2. Which words rhyme? How many can you find?
3. What would you change for A, B, C and D? Would you choose different objects or animals?
4. Can you spot any adjectives? e.g. **nice**

Medium & Spicy

On the Ning Nang Nong

by SPIKE MILLIGAN/ Illustrated by GUS GORDON

On the Ning Nang Nong
Where the Cows go Bong!
And the Monkeys all say Boo!
There's a Nong Nang Ning
Where the trees go Ping!
And the tea pots Jibber Jabber Joo.
On the Nong Ning Nang
All the mice go Clang!
And you just can't catch 'em when they do!
So it's Ning Nang Nong!
Cows go Bong!
Nong Nang Ning!
Trees go Ping!
Nong Ning Nang!
The mice go Clang!
What a noisy place to belong,
Is the Ning Nang Ning Nang Nong!!



Ning Nang Nong!

Can you write another verse about the Ning Nang Nong?
First you could explore some rhyming families:



Ning
ring

Nang
clang

Nong
song

What will make a noise in your verse?

Choose four animals: _____

Now use your ideas and the writing frame to make up your own verse.
Use the original poem to work out which lines must rhyme.

On the Ning Nang Nong
Where the _____!
And the _____!
There's a Nong Nang Ning
Where the _____!
And the _____!
On the Ning Nang Nong
All the _____!
And you just can't catch 'em when they _____!

You may want to ask an adult to film you reading your
nonsense poem. Don't forget to send it to us!

Thursday

Alliteration

<https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/tags/zmyxxyc/year-3-and-p4-lessons/1>

Alliteration (Example)

repeating a sound at the start of words

I have heard how hedgehogs hog the hedge.

also at the start of
stressed syllables

...but we scoff
sticky slugs.



Mild

Which words show alliteration?

The ruby red rose lay on the table.

The girl watched the dirty dusty dog run in circles.

Happy and healthy, Harry laughed a lot.

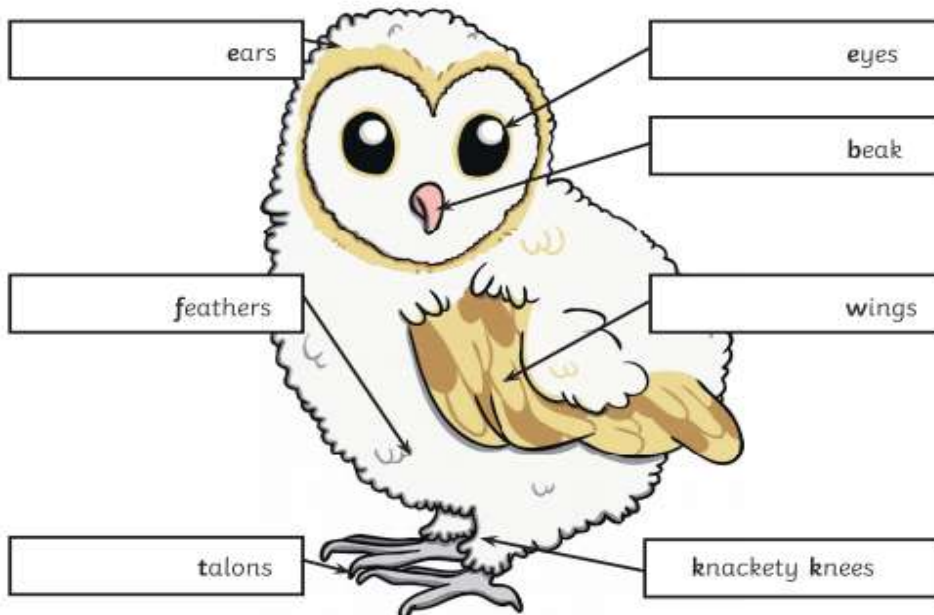
Polly was a pretty parrot who couldn't speak.

My sister grows gorgeous grapes.

Alliteration is when the first sound or letter for each word in a series of words is the same.

In the story 'The Owl Who Was Afraid of the Dark', the author Jill Tomlinson describes Plop as having **knackety knees**. This is an example of alliteration!

Look at the picture of Plop below. Can you describe him using alliteration? An example has been done for you.



Medium & Spicy

Read through 'An Annoyed Astronaut'

Can you find examples of alliteration?



An Annoyed Astronaut

An annoyed astronaut wanted to go to space.
He saw, sparkling stars shining in the sky.
There is a gleaming glow coming from the moon.
He asked himself,
Do angry aliens really exist?
Do they live on marvellous Mars?
I don't believe so.



Complete the sentences using alliteration.

e.g. Tony lost two tiny, terrifying tarantulas!

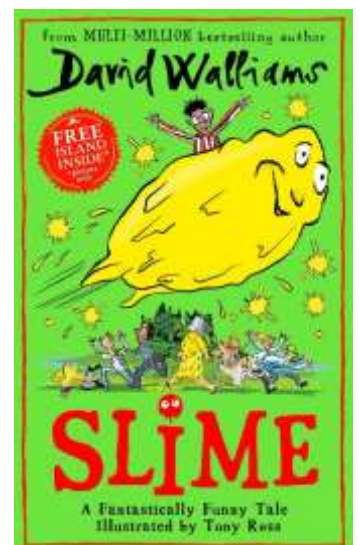
1. Tony lost two _____.
2. Daniel's dog drank from the _____.
3. Jimmy saw a jellyfish _____.
4. Becky baked _____.
5. Cuddles the cat caused a _____.
6. Rudolph rose and ran _____.
7. Elephants enjoy eating _____.
8. Hannah has a hyper _____.
9. Sara has six _____.
10. Grandma Gretel gave me great _____.

Friday

Reading Lesson:

Slime by David Walliams

<https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/tags/zmyxxyc/year-3-and-p4-lessons/1>



Reading Vipers

Vocabulary
Infer
Predict
Explain
Retrieve
Sequence or Summarise



Today you are going to use your Predict reading skill. Can you think about what will happen next? What would you like to happen next?

Extra challenge - write a book review for one of your favourite books! It may be one you have recently read or one you have always enjoyed! You can write this on purple mash (2do's - Blank Book Review)

As well as this, please remember to access:

- Oxford Owl Reading Buddies - children have their own login for this

Study ladder to practice **comprehension** <https://www.studyladder.co.uk/>

If you need any passwords, please contact year 3 staff through our year group email. s83year3@st-annes.solihull.sch.uk